RDA past RDA future

RDA 2019
IFLA satellite
August 21, 2019

Chris Oliver Chair, RDA Board

A quick glance at:

- where does RDA come from
- where is RDA going?

- has the direction changed?
- how surprised should we be?

In the beginning

Statement of purpose – *JSC Strategic Plan for RDA, 2005-2009*

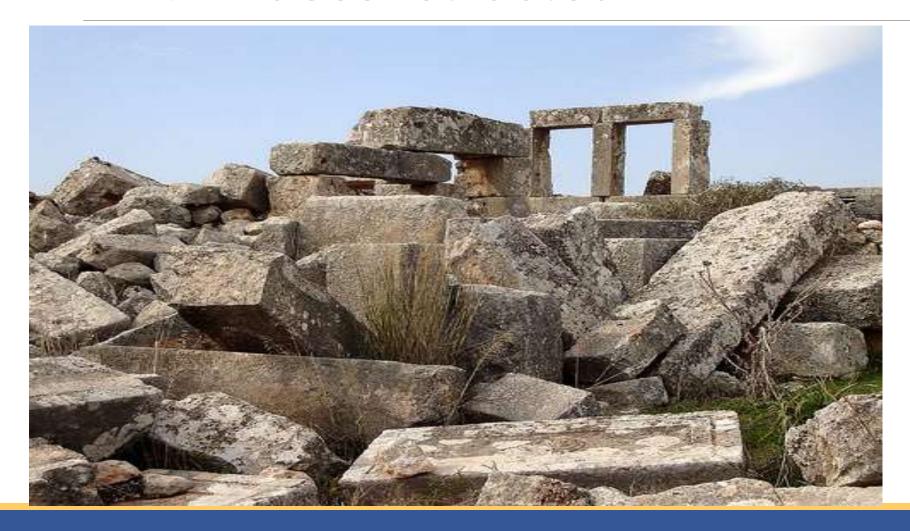
- a new standard ... designed for the digital world.
- built on foundations established by the Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules (AACR)

AACR2



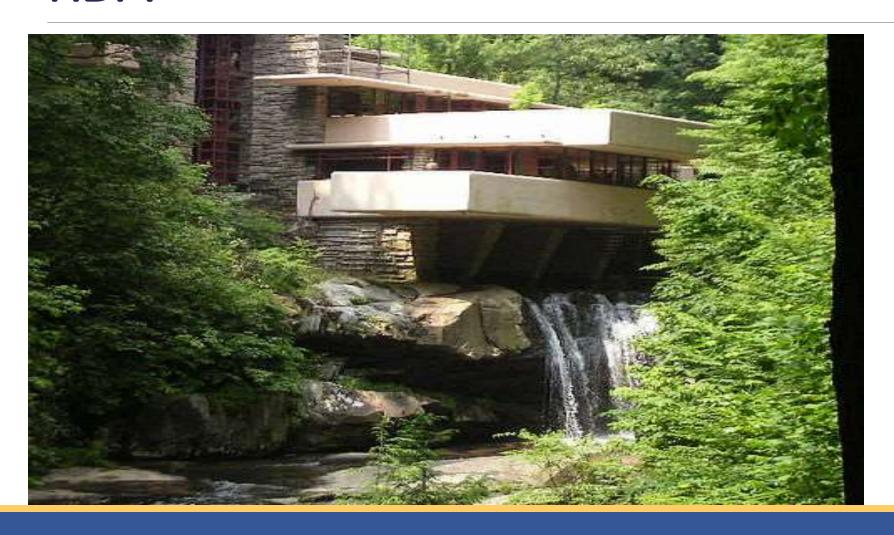
stones
plus
framework

AACR2 deconstructed



without the framework

RDA



stones

+

new

framework

RDA 2010:

- forward-looking vision
- compatibility with new technological environments
- closely tied to the internationally accepted bibliographic conceptual models: FRBR + FRAD
- radical break in the approach to cataloguing information:

from: strings of information designed for humans

to: data elements – designed for humans and computers

RDA 2010:

- new elements + re-use of the content of AACR2 instructions
- at the moment of publication still outstanding issues
- enough to start especially since almost everyone was still operating in a MARC environment

RDA in 2010 \rightarrow RDA in 2019

→ advancing the original vision for RDA

And ...

- > technological environment keeps changing
- maintaining alignment with IFLA's bibliographic conceptual models
- our experience using RDA and the Toolkit
- ➤ RDA becoming a global standard

RDA in 2010

a major change in direction

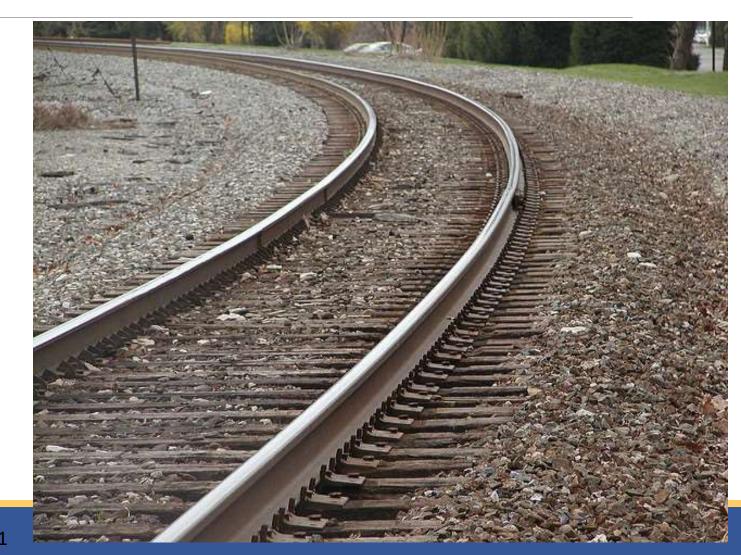
beginning on a new track



RDA in 2019

continuing along the track taken in 2010

continuing to the next logical steps



How much change?

new look → it does look different

- impact of the redesign of the technical infrastructure
- impact of alignment with IFLA LRM
- impact of internationalization

3R Project

 $1^{st} R = RDA$

2nd R = Restructure = upgrade the infrastructure to current standards

3rd R = Redesign = improve user experience with the Toolkit

+

stay aligned with international models

Not just a "new release" A big renovation project

3R Project: updated infrastructure

- update the software
- rebuild how the instructions are stored: more modular and dynamic
- compliance with accessibility standards for web content according to the W3C guidelines (WCAG)
- better support for translations

3R Project: more web, less book-like

- take features that were there and make them work better:
 - instruction and policy statement aligned together on the same screen

designed so update once rather than in many places

→ controlled vocabulary, definitions, scope notes -- in the RDA Registry

this Registry content automatically feeds into the Toolkit text

3R Project: more web, less book-like

- change how the instructions are stored
 - → "data dictionary" approach general guidance chapters entities organized as "data dictionary"
 - → from chapters (some huge) to files for each data element
- new level of flexibility can absorb major content changes, such as new entitles

3R: stay aligned with IFLA models

RDA 2010: alignment with IFLA's FRBR and FRAD conceptual models

RDA 2015: alignment with all 3 of IFLA's conceptual models: FRBR/FRAD/FRSAD

2010-2017: IFLA consolidation of FRBR/FRAD/FRSAD = IFLA LRM

(IFLA Library Reference Model, published in 2017)

FRBR/FRAD/FRSAD are now obsolete

RDA 2019: alignment with IFLA LRM

- designed for the digital environment
 - the content of the standard delivered as a web tool
 - bibliographic information as data --- data about entities and relationships
 - recording precise and unambiguous data for the digital environment
 - data produced is optimized for use in the semantic web

- interoperability of data
 - interoperable with data of other cultural heritage communities
 - designed to encourage the cooperative use and re-use of data on the web
 - data and controlled vocabularies
 - data elements as a whole set or parts

- a standard based on a robust theoretical framework the IFLA bibliographic conceptual models
 - alignment with the IFLA model that is currently valid IFLA LRM



- internal consistency
- international compatibility

internationalization

- a goal and a reality
- in step with internationally accepted cataloguing principles and bibliographic conceptual models
- adopted and implemented around the world

- > a standard that places equal value on all its language versions
- ➤ a standard to be used, maintained and developed jointly with representatives from all areas of the globe

- > a standard that places equal value on all its language versions
 - seamless integration of different language versions within one Toolkit
 - visibility of the different language communities using RDA
 - a sense of participating in a shared international cataloguing community that stretches across language boundaries
 - infrastructure changes necessary to improve the translation process

- ➤ a standard to be used, maintained and developed jointly with representation from all areas of the globe
 - attuned to a diversity of needs
 - build in flexibility around the common ground we share
 - implement a governance structure that values the participation of all and accurately reflects the international nature of RDA
 - completed for the RDA Board in 2018
 - progressing well for the RDA Steering Committee

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Thank you!

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